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Name.....

Reg. No.....

THIRD SEMESTER B.A./B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2019

(CUCBCSS—UG)

Microbiology

MBY 3C 11-BIOSTATISTICS-I

(2014 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 64 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions. Each question carries ½ marks.

Fill in the blanks (Questions 1-4) :

- 1. The average which is useful for measuring relative growth of population is ———
- 2. The list, map, device or other acceptable material from which sample is drawn from a population is known as ______

(b) 1.

- 3. ———— scales are used for labeling variables without any quantitative value.
- 4. Mean deviation is minimum when calculated from -

Choose the correct answer (Questions 5-8):

- 5. The probability of impossible event is :
 - (a) 0.
 - (c) 0.5. (d) Any value between 0 and 1.
- 6. If the mean of Poisson distribution is 30, then variance is :
 - (a) 60. (b) 15.
 - (c) 30. (d) All of the above.

7. Variance of chi-square distribution with 16 degrees of freedom is

- (a) 16. (b) 8.
- (c) 4. (d) 32.
- 8. Which of the following is a relative measure of dispersion ?
 - (a) Standard deviation. (b) Co-efficient of quartile deviation.
 - (c) Range. (d) Mean deviation.

Turn over

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State True or false (Question 9-12) :

- 9. Median is the suitable average for dealing with ordinal data.
- 10. Probability of getting a spade from a pack of 52 cards is $\frac{1}{13}$.
- 11. Students t distribution is a skewed distribution.
- 12. Poisson random variable assumes only non negative integer values.

 $(12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$

Part B (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 13. Define : (i) random experiment and (ii) event giving an example.
- 14. Write down the binomial distribution for which mean and variance are respectively 4 and 3.
- 15. Define : (i) parameter and (ii) statistic. Give examples.
- 16. Give the p.d.f. of chi-square distribution with n degrees of freedom.
- 17. Define standard normal random variable and its distribution.
- 18. If the probability of a defective bolt is 0.10, what is the mean and variance for the distribution of defective bolts in a total of 400 ?
- 19. Define conditional probability and state multiplication theorem for independent events.
- 20. Find mean deviation about median of the observations 18, 9, 20,16, 11.
- 21. Give some practical situations where Poisson distribution is applicable.
- 22. A problem in Mathematics is given to two students A and B whose chances of solving it are $\frac{1}{4}$ and
 - $\frac{1}{5}$. What is the probability that the problem is solved if they try independently?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part C (Short essay)

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

23. Calculate median mark from the following frequency distribution :

Marks	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100
No. of Students	8	16	24	12	40

24. Define : (i) F statistic and (ii) F distribution.

25. Represent the following data by means of a histogram :

FBS level (mg/dL)	80-100	100-120	120-140	140-180	180-200	200-220
No.of persons	45	38	48	42	18	12

26. Calculate quartile deviation and its coefficient from the following data :40, 55, 45, 25, 60, 30, 100.

- 27. One bag contains 4 green balls and 2 blue balls. Another bag contains 3 green balls and 5 blue balls. If one ball is drawn from each bag, find the probability that one is green and one is blue.
- 28. State addition theorems on probability. Illustrate the theorem for mutually exclusive events.
- 29. Describe briefly the advantages of sampling method over census.
- 30. Explain the merits of standard deviation as a measure of dispersion.

 $(6 \times 3 = 18 \text{ marks})$

Part D (Essay)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 31. (i) Explain different types of data and scales of measurements. Give examples.
 - (ii) Describe chief characteristics of normal distribution.

(6 + 4 = 10 marks)

- 32. (i) Define geometric mean. Under what circumstances would you use geometric mean ?
 - (ii) In a cricket match, the runs scored by batsman X and batsman Y in nine innings are given below :

Batsman X	60	80	40	90	70	50	65	45	100
Batsman Y	65	35	45	55	60	100	50	30	80

Examine who is more consistent in scoring runs.

(2 + 8 = 10 marks)

- 33. (i) Define t distribution. Give its applications in statistical theory.
 - (ii) Explain the graphical method of locating median from a frequency distribution.
 - (iii) State the difference between absolute and relative measures of dispersion. Give examples.

(4 + 3 + 3 = 10 marks) $[2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}]$

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