

C 61157

FOURTH SEMESTER B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2017

(CUCBCSS - UG)

Complementary Course

BCM 4C 04 - QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES FOR BUSINESS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 80 Marks

Part A

Answer **all** Questions (Each question carries 1 Mark).

Choose the correct answer :

- Mean of Binomial distribution is :
 - np.
 - npq.
 - n.
 - \sqrt{npq} .
- If the occurrence of one event prevents the possibility of occurrence of others, such events are known as :
 - Exhaustive events.
 - Uncertain events.
 - Mutually exclusive events.
 - Independent events.
- When the amount of change in one variable leads to a constant ratio of change in the other variable, correlation is said to be :
 - Linear.
 - Non-linear.
 - Positive.
 - Negative.
- Degrees of freedom for variance within samples is :
 - k - 1.
 - N - k.
 - N - 1.
 - None of the above.
- The distribution which is known as 'the law of improbable events' :
 - Poisson distribution.
 - Binomial distribution.
 - Normal distribution.
 - All the above.

Fill in the blanks :

- Rejecting a null hypothesis when it is true is called _____ error.
- Normal distribution was discovered by _____.

8. The test applied for large samples is _____.
9. The tendency of two or more groups or series of items to vary together directly or inversely _____.
10. In case of independent events $p(A \cap B) =$ _____.

(10 x 1 = 10 marks)

Part B

Answer any **8** questions from the following (Each question carries 2 Marks).

11. What is Rank correlation ?
12. Define Binomial distribution?
13. When Poisson distribution is treated as a limited form of binomial distribution ?
14. What is standard normal variate ?
15. What are statistic and parameter?
16. Explain standard error?
17. What is meant by analysis of variance ?
18. What you mean by non-parametric tests ?
19. When the Yates correction is used in χ^2 test ?
20. What is statistical hypothesis ?

(8 x 2 = 16 marks)

Part C

Answer any **6** questions from the following (Each question carries 4 Marks).

21. Explain the differences between correlation and regression.
22. $P(A) = 1/13$, $P(B) = 1/4$ and $P(A \cup B) = 4/13$. Find $P(A \cap B)$.

23. A car hire firm has two cars, which it hires out day by day. The number of demand for car on each day is distributed as a Poisson variate with mean 1.5. Calculate the proportion of days on which
(i) neither car is used ; (ii) Some demand is refused.
24. Explain the use of χ^2 test.
25. A sample of size 400 was drawn and the sample mean was found to be 99. Test whether this sample could have come from a normal population with mean = 100 and S.D = 8 at 5% level of significance.
26. Explain the properties of Normal curve.
27. Four dice are thrown 162 times: The occurrence of 2 or 3 is considered as success. In how many throws do you expect,
(i) exactly 2 success ; (ii) at least 1 success.
28. A bag contains 8 balls identical except for colour of which 5 are red and 3 white. A man draws 2 balls at random one after another without replacement. What is the probability that one of the ball drawn is white and the other red ? What would be the probabilities if ball drawn were replaced before another ball is drawn ?
- (6 x 4 = 24 marks)

Part D

Answer any 2 questions from the following (Each question carries 15 Marks).

29. The following figures relate to the number of units sold in 5 different areas by the sales personnel of a firm. Test whether all the four sales personnel's were performed equally.

Area	Salesman (Units sold)			
	A	B	C	D
1	80	100	95	70
2	82	110	90	75
3	88	105	100	82
4	75	90	80	65
5	85	115	105	88

30. Fit a Binomial distribution to the data relating to the number of seeds germinating out of 10 damp filter 80 sets of seeds :

No. of seeds germinated	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10
No. of sets	6	20	28	12	8	6	0	0	0	0

31. The sales data of 6 shops before and after a special promotional campaign are given below :

<i>Shops</i>	<i>Sales (before)</i> Rs. in 000's	<i>Sales (after)</i> Rs. in 000's
A	42	47
B	50	60
C	48	55
D	53	58
E	28	32
F	31	38

Can the campaign be judged as success ?

(2 x 15 = 30 marks)